

June 30, 2023

Semi-Annual Financial Statements (unaudited)

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Statements of Financial Position (unaudited)

(in United States dollars, except for number of units)

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
As at (Note 1)	(\$)	(\$)
Assets		
Current assets		
Digital assets, at fair value	94,720,887	36,403,014
Cash	147,909	134,400
Receivable from digital assets sold	-	8,245
	94,868,796	36,545,659
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accrued expenses	147,516	134,659
	147,516	134,659
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	94,721,280	36,411,000
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units		
Canadian Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	72,901,393	30,669,699
US Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	21,819,887	5,741,301
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit		
Canadian Dollar Unhedged ETF Units ¹	11.04	6.11
US Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	11.05	6.11

1 Per unit figures are stated in USD equivalent

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors of Evolve Funds Group Inc., Manager and Trustee:

Raj Lala Chief Executive Officer & Director

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Elliot Johnson Chief Operating Officer, Chief Investment Officer & Director

Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited)

(in United States dollars, except for number of units)

For the periods ended (Note 1)	June 30, 2023 (\$)	June 30, 2022 (\$)
Income (loss)	(*)	(Ψ)
Changes in fair value of digital assets		
Net realized gain (loss) on sale of digital assets	(7,480,838)	(17,254,217)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in value of digital assets	38,680,313	(53,558,287)
Total income (loss)	31,199,475	(70,812,504)
Expenses		
Management fees (Note 4)	251,108	387,853
Shareholder reporting	4,191	19,849
Transfer agent fees	5,655	8,579
Custodian fees	182,175	406,983
Independent Review Committee fees	303	331
Audit fees	38,286	50,078
Legal fees	8,289	13,120
Regulatory filing fees	15,031	15,725
Stock exchange and index licensing fees	24,205	46,898
Service fees	23,237	27,440
Other operating fees and expenses	19,398	10,851
Interest expense and bank charges	136	-
Transaction costs (Note 2)	8,856	11,191
Total expenses	580,870	998,898
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units from operations	30,618,605	(71,811,402)
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units from operations		
Canadian Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	25,926,613	(55,327,036)
US Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	4,691,992	(16,484,366)
US Dollar Unnedged ETF Units		(10,484,36

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units from operations per unit		
Canadian Dollar Unhedged ETF Units ¹	4.79	(10.91)
US Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	4.66	(11.18)

1 Per unit figures are stated in USD equivalent

Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (unaudited)

(in United States dollars, except for number of units)

	June 30,	June 30,
For the periods ended (Note 1)	2023 (\$)	2022 (\$)
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units - beginning of period	(*)	(*)
Canadian Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	30,669,699	83,602,179
US Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	5,741,301	25,904,273
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units - beginning of period	36,411,000	109,506,452
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units from operations		
Canadian Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	25,926,613	(55,327,036)
US Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	4,691,992	(16,484,366)
	30,618,605	(71,811,402)
Redeemable unit transactions		
Proceeds from sale of redeemable units		
Canadian Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	49,133,253	54,120,966
US Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	12,832,368	23,797,672
	61,965,621	77,918,638
Redemption of units		
Canadian Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	(32,828,172)	(43,890,158)
US Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	(1,445,774)	(25,852,287)
	(34,273,946)	(69,742,445)
Net increase (decrease) from redeemable unit transactions	27,691,675	8,176,193
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units for the period	58,310,280	(63,635,209)
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units - end of period		
Canadian Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	72,901,393	38,505,951
US Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	21,819,887	7,365,292
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units - end of period	94,721,280	45,871,243

Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

(in United States dollars, except for number of units)

	June 30,	June 30,
For the periods ended (Note 1)	2023 (\$)	2022 (\$)
Cash Flows from (used in) operating activities		
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units from operations	30,618,605	(71,811,402)
Adjustments for:		
Realized (gain) loss on digital assets	7,480,838	17,254,217
Change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation in the value of digital assets	(38,680,313)	53,558,287
Purchases of digital assets ¹	(59,162,874)	(53,783,669)
Proceeds from sale of digital assets ¹	32,052,721	46,550,289
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	12,857	(73,941)
Net cash generated by (used in) operating activities	(27,678,166)	(8,306,219)
Cash Flows from (used in) financing activities		
Proceeds from sale of units ¹	61,965,621	77,980,490
Payments for units redeemed ¹	(34,273,946)	(69,742,445)
Net cash generated by (used in) financing activities	27,691,675	8,238,045
Net increase (decrease) in cash	13,509	(68,174)
Cash (Bank overdraft) - beginning of period	134,400	245,974
Cash (Bank overdraft) - end of period	147,909	177,800

1 Excludes in-kind transactions, if any

Schedule of Investment Portfolio (unaudited)

As at June 30, 2023

No. of Bitcoin		Average Cost (\$)	Fair Value (\$)
Digital Assets	(100.0%)		
3,144	Bitcoin	93,432,280	94,720,887
	Transaction Costs	(1,570)	-
	Total Investments (100.0%)	93,430,710	94,720,887
	Other Assets, less Liabilities (0.0%)		393
	NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE UNITS		94,721,280

Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited)

Financial Instrument Risks (Note 3)

Portfolio Concentration Risk

The Fund's investment objective is to provide unitholders exposure to bitcoin and the Fund is not expected to have exposure to any other investments or assets. Other than cash or cash equivalents, the Fund will invest substantially all of its assets in bitcoin. The NAV of the Fund may be more volatile than the value of a more broadly diversified portfolio or investment fund and may fluctuate substantially over a short period of time. This may have negative impact on the NAV of the Fund.

The Fund's significant concentrations by industry sector are as follows:

	Percentage of Ne	t Asset Value
Portfolio by Category	June 30, 2023 (%)	December 31, 2022 (%)
Digital Assets	(,	()
Bitcoin	100.0	100.0
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.2	0.4
Other Assets, less Liabilities	(0.2)	(0.4)
Total	100.0	100.0

Other Price/Market Risk

The table below summarizes management's estimate of the effect on net assets of a 10% change in the Fund's value, as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, with all other variables held constant:

Impact on Net Assets (\$)	
June 30, Decen	ber 31,
2023	2022
(\$)	(\$)
9,472,089 3,	640,301

Currency Risk

As at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, all of the Fund's assets and liabilities were in United States dollars; accordingly, the Fund had no exposure to any currencies other than the United States dollar.

Interest Rate Risk

As at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the majority of the Fund's financial assets and liabilities are non-interest bearing; accordingly, the Fund is not exposed to significant amounts of risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

Liquidity Risk

While the liquidity and traded volume of bitcoin are continually growing, it is still a maturing asset. The Fund may not always be able to acquire or liquidate its assets at a desired price. It may become difficult to execute a trade at a specific price when there is a relatively small volume of buy and sell orders in the marketplace, including on digital asset trading platforms. When transacting in the bitcoin markets, the Fund will be competing for liquidity with other large investors, including speculators, miners, other investment funds and institutional investors.

The liquidity of the Fund is managed on a day-to-day basis in order to meet expenses and handle redemption of the Fund's redeemable units. As at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Fund did not have a significant amount of financial liabilities with maturities greater than three months.

Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited) (cont'd)

Credit Risk

As at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Fund had no investments in fixed-income investments.

Fair Value Measurements (Note 2)

The following is the fair value measurement hierarchy based on the inputs used as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 in valuing the Fund's financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value:

Financial Assets (Liabilities)

	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Total (\$)
June 30, 2023				
Bitcoin	-	94,720,887	-	94,720,887
Total	-	94,720,887	-	94,720,887
December 31, 2022				
Bitcoin	-	36,403,014	-	36,403,014
Total	-	36,403,014	-	36,403,014

For the periods ended June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, there were no significant transfers of securities between Level 1 and Level 2. There were no Level 3 securities as at or during the periods ended June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

Unit Transactions (Note 5)

The unitholder transactions for the periods ended June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Canadian Dollar Unhedged ETF Units		
Number of redeemable units outstanding - Beginning of period	5,020,300	4,595,601
Issued	5,114,000	8,768,400
Redeemed	(3,531,000)	(8,343,701)
Number of redeemable units outstanding - End of period	6,603,300	5,020,300
US Dollar Unhedged ETF Units		
Number of redeemable units outstanding - Beginning of period	939,250	1,424,201
Issued	1,179,000	2,271,000
Redeemed	(143,000)	(2,755,951)
Number of redeemable units outstanding - End of period	1,975,250	939,250

Income Taxes (Note 6)

As at June 30, 2023, the Fund had the following capital and non-capital loss carryforward balances:

	June 30, 2023
As at	(\$)
Capital loss	1,674,995
Non-capital losses	

1. ORGANIZATION

The Bitcoin ETF and Ether ETF (each a "Fund" and collectively the "Funds") are established on the establishment dates noted below as open-ended alternative mutual funds, that invest in digital currencies Bitcoin and Ethereum respectively, within the meaning of National Instrument 81-102 (the NI 81-102) under the laws of the Province of Ontario, pursuant to a master declaration of trust dated August 4, 2017, and as amended and restated from time to time. The Units of the exchange traded funds ("ETFs") are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX"). Cidel Trust Company (the "Custodian") acts as the Custodian of the assets of the Funds pursuant to the Custodian Agreement. Coinbase Custody Trust Company, LCC (the "Sub-Custodian") acts as the Sub-Custodian in respect of the Funds' holdings of digital assets. The Sub-Custodian is a trust company licensed and regulated by the New York State Department of Financial Services (NYDFS). The Custodian is a federally regulated trust company based in Calgary, Alberta and provides services to the Funds from its office in Toronto, Ontario. The address of the Funds' registered office is 40 King Street West, Suite 3404, Toronto, Ontario, M5H 3Y2.

The following list indicates the classes of units offered for sale by each of the Funds, as at the date of these financial statements:

Digital currency Funds

Fund Name	Class	Ticker Symbol	Date of Establishment	Date of Commencement
Bitcoin ETF	Canadian Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	EBIT	12-Feb-21	17-Feb-21
	US Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	EBIT.U	12-Feb-21	17-Feb-21
Ether ETF	Canadian Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	ETHR	16-Apr-21	19-Apr-21
	US Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	ETHR.U	16-Apr-21	19-Apr-21

The Funds' functional and presentation currency is in United States dollars. The Funds offer classes of Canadian Dollar Unhedged ETF Units, and US Dollar Unhedged ETF Units. The value of the portfolios of the Canadian Dollar Unhedged ETF Units will vary due to changes in the Canadian dollar and United States dollar currency exchange rates. For the Canadian Dollar Unhedged ETF Units, currency risk is not mitigated, as the currency exposure is not hedged back to the United States dollar and, as such, the Canadian Dollar Unhedged ETF Units can have a significant exposure to currency risk. As a result, the net asset value attributable to holders of redeemable units of each class will not be the same.

Evolve Funds Group Inc. (the "Manager") is the trustee, manager, and investment manager of the Funds.

The Schedule of Investment Portfolio for each of the Funds is as at June 30, 2023. The Statements of Financial Position of each of the Funds are as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. The Statements of Comprehensive Income, Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units, and Statements of Cash Flows of each of the Funds are for the period from the date of establishment to June 30 for the years shown.

The financial statements were approved for issuance by the Manager on August 22, 2023.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies followed by the Funds:

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements of the Funds have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting Standards ("IAS34") as published by the International Accounting Standards Board. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis using the historical cost convention, except for financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). Each Fund is an investment entity and primarily all financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value in accordance with IFRS. Accordingly, the Funds' accounting policies for measuring the fair value of investments are consistent with those used in measuring the Net Asset Value for transactions with unitholders.

In applying IFRS, management may make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results may differ from such estimates.

The financial statements have been presented in United States dollars, which is the Funds' functional and presentation currency.

Classification and Recognition of Digital Assets

Digital assets are cryptocurrencies, which are an open-source software-based online system where transactions are recorded in a public ledger (blockchain) using its own unit of account. The Manager considers it appropriate to classify and measure the Funds' digital assets in accordance with *IAS 2, Inventory ("IAS 2")*. Refer to Significant Accounting Judgement, Estimates, and Assumptions in Note 2 for discussion of judgements made in determining the Funds' accounting policy with respect to digital assets. As such, the digital assets are measured at fair value less cost to sell with changes in fair value of the digital assets recognized in profit or loss.

Classification and Recognition of Financial Instruments

All other financial assets and liabilities are classified and measured in accordance with IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* ("IFRS 9"). Upon initial recognition, financial assets are classified as FVTPL and financial liabilities are carried at amortized cost.

All financial instruments are recognized in the Statements of Financial Position when a Fund becomes a party to the contractual requirements of the instrument. A financial asset is derecognized when the right to receive cash flows from the instrument has expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled, or expired.

Digital assets purchase and sale transactions are recorded as of the trade date.

Classification of Redeemable Units

IAS 32 *Financial Instruments*: Presentation, requires that securities of the Funds, which are considered puttable instruments, be classified as either financial liabilities or equity instruments. The units of the Funds do not meet the criteria to be classified as equity instruments. Consequently, the Funds' outstanding redeemable units are classified as financial liabilities in accordance with IAS 32.

Measurement of Digital Assets

Digital assets are recorded in the Statement of Financial Position at fair value less cost to sell, and all other financial instruments at FVTPL are recorded in the Statements of Financial Position at fair value, upon initial recognition. All transaction costs incurred in the purchase and sale of digital assets are recognized directly in profit or loss.

All unrealized gains (losses) arising from digital assets holdings are recorded as part of "Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in the value of digital assets". in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. When digital assets are sold, the gains (losses) are realized and reflected in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in "Net realized gain (loss) on sales of digital assets".

Realized gains and losses arising from the sale of digital assets and unrealized appreciation and depreciation of digital assets are calculated with reference to the average cost of the related digital assets, excluding transaction costs.

For the purposes of determining the average cost of digital assets, the purchase price of digital assets acquired by each Fund is added to the average cost of the particular portfolio of digital assets immediately prior to the purchase. The average cost of a portfolio of digital assets is reduced by the number of digital tokens sold multiplied by the average cost of the portfolio of digital assets at the time of the sale. The average cost per token of each portfolio investment sold is determined by dividing the average cost of the portfolio of digital assets by the number of tokens held immediately prior to the sale transaction. Transaction costs incurred in portfolio transactions are excluded from the average cost of digital assets and are recognized immediately in net income and are presented as a separate expense item in the financial statements.

The net asset value ("NAV") per unit of each Fund is calculated each day the Funds are open for business as of regularly scheduled close of regular trading on the respective exchange of each Fund. NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets of each Fund by the number of units outstanding of that Fund. Units of each Fund are being issued and sold on a continuous basis and there is no maximum number of units that may be issued. In calculating each class of each Fund's NAV, investments are valued under policies approved by the Board of Directors of the Manager. Bitcoin ETF and Ether ETF portfolio is priced based on, and the NAVs are calculated using the Bitcoin Reference Rate ("BRR") and the Ether-Dollar Reference Rate ("ETHUSD_RR"), respectively. BRR and ETHUSD_RR are daily reference rates of the U.S. dollar price of one Bitcoin and one Ether, respectively, as of 4 p.m. London time. Each day, the BRR and ETHUSD_RR, respectively, aggregates the trade flow of major Bitcoin and spot exchanges, respectively, during a one-hour window from 15:00 to 16:00 London time. This one-hour window is then partitioned into twelve, five-minute intervals, where the BBR and ETHUSD_RR respectively, are calculated as the equally weighted average of the volume-weighted medians of all twelve partitions. This method of calculation ensures tradability and replicability in the underlying spot markets.

Fair Value Measurement

IFRS describe fair value as the price that each Fund would receive upon selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants as at the measurement date. It established a three-tier hierarchy of inputs to be used when determining fair value measurements for disclosure purposes. Inputs refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk — for example, the risk inherent in a particular valuation technique used to measure fair value (such as a pricing model) and/or the risk inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique.

Inputs may be observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Observable inputs are based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs are based on the best information available in the circumstances. The three-tier hierarchy of inputs is summarized in the three broad levels listed below:

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at measurement date.

Level 2 – Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable (including quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.).

Level 3 – Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable (including each Fund's assumptions in determining the fair value of investments).

The inputs or methodology used for valuation are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those investments.

The Funds have included the fair value hierarchy in the Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements.

Digital Asset Transactions and Income

Digital asset transactions are recorded as of the date that the digital assets are purchased or sold (trade date). Digital assets are derecognized when the Fund disposes of digital assets. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are calculated on an average cost basis. The cost of digital assets represents the amount paid for digital assets and is determined using the average cost method, excluding commissions and transaction costs. Transaction costs, such as brokerage commissions and settlement charges incurred in the purchase and sale of digital assets, are shown as a separate line item in the Statements of Comprehensive Income and are not part of the cost of investments.

Foreign Currency Translation

The financial statements have been presented in United States dollars, which is the Funds' functional and presentation currency. The United States dollar is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Funds operate. The Funds' performance is evaluated, and their liquidity is managed in United States dollars. Therefore, the United States dollar is considered as the currency that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events, and conditions. Foreign currencies, as well as digital assets and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, if any, are translated into United States dollars using exchange rates prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions. Realized and unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses on digital assets, if any, are included as a component of "Net realized gain (loss) on sale of digital assets" and "Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in value of digital assets", respectively, on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Net realized and unrealized foreign exchange gains (losses) arising from sales of foreign currencies, if any, and currency gains (losses) recognized between the trade and settlement dates on digital assets transactions, if any, are included in "Net realized gain (loss) on sales of digital assets and foreign currency translations in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units from Operations per Unit

The increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units from operations per unit is calculated by dividing the increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units from operations by the weighted average number of units outstanding during the period.

Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates, and Assumptions

The preparation of the Funds' financial statements requires management to make judgments in applying its accounting policies and to make estimates and assumptions about the future. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

In the process of applying the Funds' accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

Classification and Measurement of Digital Assets

Digital assets and the accounting for digital assets continues to be considered by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) and the Manager continues to monitor new comments and interpretations released by IASB and other standard setters from around the world.

In classifying and measuring digital assets held by the Funds, the Manager is required to make significant judgements in determining the most appropriate classification. The Manager considers it appropriate to classify and measure the Fund's digital assets in accordance with IAS 2.

Assessment as Investment Entity

Entities that meet the definition of an investment entity within IFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements are required to measure their subsidiaries at FVTPL rather than consolidate them. The criteria which define an investment entity are, as follows:

- an entity that obtains funds from one or more investors for the purpose of providing those investors with investment services;
- an entity that commits to its investors that its business purpose is to invest funds solely for returns from capital appreciation, investment income or both; and
- an entity that measures and evaluates the performance of substantially all of its investments on a fair value basis.

The Manager has assessed the characteristics of an investment entity as they apply to the Funds, and such assessment requires significant judgement. Based on the assessment, the Manager concluded that the Funds meet the definition of an investment entity.

These conclusions will be reassessed on an annual basis, if any of these criteria or characteristics change.

3. FINANCIAL RISKS MANAGEMENT

The Funds' activities may expose them to a variety of risks associated with their investment strategies, digital assets and markets in which they invest. The Manager seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of these risks on the Funds' performance by employing professional, experienced portfolio managers, by daily monitoring of the Funds' position and market events.

Significant risks that are relevant to the Funds are discussed below. For specific risk disclosures, refer to the Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements.

Leverage Risk

Alternative mutual funds, within the meaning of NI 81-102, are permitted to invest in assets classes or use investment strategies that are not permitted for other types of mutual funds. While these specific strategies are used in accordance with the funds' investment objectives and strategies, during certain market conditions they may accelerate the pace at which the value of such funds decrease in value. More specifically, when a fund borrows cash for investment proposes, leverage may be introduced into the fund.

Generally, the Bitcoin ETF and Ether ETF do not intend to borrow money or employ other forms of leverage. The Funds may however borrow money on a temporary short term basis to acquire securities in connection with a subscription for Units by a dealer. Any cash borrowing by the Funds is subject to an overall limit of 50% of NAV under NI 81-102.

During the period ended June 30, 2023, the lowest aggregated fair value amount of the leverage exercised by the Bitcoin ETF was \$0.00 (0.00% of net assets), and the highest aggregated fair value amount of the leverage used during the period was \$0.00 (0.00% of net assets).

During the period ended June 30, 2023, the lowest aggregated fair value amount of the leverage exercised by the Ether ETF was \$0.00 (0.00% of net assets), and the highest aggregated fair value amount of the leverage used during the period was \$0.00 (0.00% of net assets).

Portfolio Concentration Risk

Concentrations of risk arise as a result of the concentration of exposures within the same category, whether it is a geographical allocation, asset type, industry sector or counterparty.

The Funds' investment objective is to provide unitholders exposure to Bitcoin or Ethereum and the Funds are not expected to have exposure to any other investments or assets. Other than cash or cash equivalents, the Funds will invest substantially all of their assets in Bitcoin or Ethereum. The NAV of the Funds may be more volatile than the value of a more broadly diversified portfolio or investment fund and may fluctuate substantially over a short period of time. This may have negative impact on the NAV of the Funds.

Other Price/Market Risk

Other price/market risk is the risk that the fair values or future cash flows of investments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment or its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment. The maximum risk is equivalent to the investment's fair value.

The NAV of the Funds will vary according to the value of the digital assets included in the Funds' portfolio, among other things. The value of the digital assets may be influenced by factors which are not within the control of the Funds or the Manager, including factors that affect the cryptocurrency markets generally such as general economic and political conditions, fluctuations in interest rates and factors unique to the digital assets held by the Funds.

Currency Risk

Currency risk arises from changes in price of one currency against another. The Funds may hold cash denominated in currencies other than the United States dollar. It's converted to the Funds' functional currency in determining fair value, and the fair value is subject to fluctuations relative to the strengthening or weakening of the functional currency.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the possibility that digital assets in the Funds cannot be readily converted into cash when required. While the liquidity and traded volume of Bitcoin and Ether are continually growing, it is still a maturing asset. The Funds may not always be able to acquire or liquidate their assets at a desired price. It may become difficult to execute a trade at a specific price when there is a relatively small volume of buy and sell orders in the marketplace, including on digital asset trading platforms. When transacting in the Bitcoin and Ether markets, the Funds will be competing for liquidity with other large investors, including speculators, miners, other investment funds and institutional investors.

Digital Assets Risks

Speculation Risk

Investing in Bitcoin and Ether is speculative, prices are volatile, and market movements are difficult to predict. Supply and demand for Bitcoin and Ether can change rapidly and are affected by a variety of factors, including regulation and general economic trends.

Custody Risk and Risk of Loss

There is a risk that some or all of the Funds' holdings of digital assets could be lost, stolen, destroyed or inaccessible, potentially by the loss or theft of the private keys held by the Sub-Custodian associated with the public addresses that hold the Funds' digital assets and/or destruction of storage hardware. The Funds adopted security procedures intended to protect the Funds' digital assets, but there can be no assurance that those procedures will be successful in preventing such loss, theft, or restriction on access.

If the Sub-Custodian becomes bankrupt or otherwise fails to perform its obligations due to financial difficulties, the value of an investor's investment in Units of an Evolve Fund may decline. An Evolve Fund may experience significant delays in obtaining any recovery in a bankruptcy or other reorganization proceeding. An Evolve Fund may obtain only limited recovery or may obtain no recovery in such circumstances.

The Sub-Custodian is resident outside of Canada and all of its assets are located outside Canada. As a result, anyone, including the Funds, seeking to enforce legal rights against the Sub-Custodian in Canada may find it difficult to do so. The Funds filed an undertaking with applicable securities regulatory authorities that provides that while they remain reporting issuers, the Funds will obtain from the Sub-Custodian of the Funds a SOC 1 Type 2 and SOC 2 Type 2 Report or the ability for the Funds to assess the Sub-Custodians' controls.

Internet Disruptions Risk

A significant disruption in internet connectivity could disrupt the Bitcoin and/or Ethereum Network's operations until the disruption is resolved, and such disruption could have an adverse effect on the price of Bitcoin and/or Ethereum.

Cyber Security Risk

Cyber security risk is the risk of harm, loss, and liability resulting from a failure or breach of information technology systems. Failures or breaches of the information technology systems ("Cyber Security Incidents") can result from deliberate attacks or unintentional events and may arise from external or internal sources. Deliberate cyberattacks include, but are not limited to, gaining unauthorized access to digital systems for purposes of misappropriating assets or sensitive information, corrupting data, equipment, or systems, or causing operational disruption. The primary risks to the Funds from the occurrence of a Cyber Security Incident include disruption in operations, reputational damage, disclosure of confidential information, the incurrence of regulatory penalties, additional compliance costs associated with corrective measures, and/or financial loss. The Funds and their unitholders could be negatively impacted as a result.

Volatility Risk

Bitcoin and Ether's value has historically been highly volatile. The Bitcoin and Ether markets are sensitive to new developments, and since volumes are still maturing, any significant changes in market sentiment can induce large swings in volume and subsequent price changes. The value of the bitcoin and Ether held by the Funds could decline rapidly in future periods, including to zero.

Malicious Attacks on the Network Risk

Digital asset networks, including the Bitcoin Network and Ethereum Network, are subject to control by entities that capture a significant amount of the networks' processing power or a significant number of developers important for the operation and maintenance of such digital asset network.

Both the Bitcoin Network and Ethereum Network are periodically subject to distributed denial of service attacks to clog the list of transactions being tabulated by Bitcoin miners or Ether validators, which can slow the confirmation of authentic transactions. Another avenue of attack would be if a large number of Bitcoin miners or Ether validators were taken offline, then it could take some time before the difficulty of the mining process algorithmically adjusts, which would stall block creation time and therefore transaction confirmation time. In the past, these scenarios have not caused significant delays or resulted any significant systemic issues.

In addition, the cryptography underlying Bitcoin or Ether could prove to be flawed or ineffective, or developments in mathematics and/or technology, including advances in digital computing, algebraic geometry, and quantum computing, could result in such cryptography becoming ineffective. In any of these circumstances, a malicious actor may be able to steal the Funds' digital assets, which would adversely affect an investment in the units. Even if the affected digital asset is not Bitcoin or Ether, any reduction in confidence in the source code or cryptography underlying digital assets generally could negatively impact the demand for Bitcoin and Ether and therefore adversely affect the NAV of the Funds and an investment in the units.

Decrease in Demand Risk

A competitor to Bitcoin or Ether which gains popularity and greater market share may precipitate a reduction in the demand, use, and price of Bitcoin or Ether, which may adversely impact the NAV of the Fund and an investment in the units. Similarly, Bitcoin or Ether and the price of bitcoin or ether could be reduced by competition from incumbents in the credit card and payments industries, which may adversely impact the NAV of the Fund and an investment in the units.

While the Ethereum Network stands today as the most-used developer blockchain, there could be other Layer 1 protocols that emerge, and potentially overtake, the Ethereum Network as the blockchain of choice for developers, thereby negatively impacting the network's usage and activity and Ether's price.

Increased Regulation Risk

The regulation of Bitcoin and Ether globally continues to evolve and may restrict the use of bitcoin or ether or otherwise impact the demand for Bitcoin or Ether in the future. The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and the Canadian Securities Administrators generally take the view that Bitcoin and Ether are commodities, however, they have not made a formal statement regarding its classification. The European Union, Russia and Japan have moved to treat Bitcoin and Ether like currencies for taxation purposes. While the regulation of Bitcoin and Ether continues to evolve, the Manager believes that it is unlikely that a hostile regulatory environment will develop but rather such processes will bring about innovation and increased protections for Bitcoin and Ether users.

4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Management Fees

Each Fund will pay the Manager a management fee as set forth in the table below based on the average daily NAV of the units of the Funds. The Manager, in its capacity as manager of the Funds, manages the day-to-day business of each Fund, including negotiating contractual agreements with service providers and preparing reports to unitholders and securities regulatory authorities. The management fee, plus applicable taxes, will be accrued daily and paid monthly in arrears. The Manager may, from time to time in its discretion, waive all or a portion of the management fee charged at any given time. Expenses payable to the Manager and receivable on expenses waived by the Manager are disclosed in the Statements of Financial Position.

The management fee rates applicable to the respective classes of each Fund are as follow:

Fund Name	Class	Management Fee (Annual Rate) (%)
Bitcoin ETF	Canadian Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	0.75% of NAV
	US Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	0.75% of NAV
Ether ETF	Canadian Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	0.75% of NAV
	US Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	0.75% of NAV

5. REDEEMABLE UNITS

Each Fund is authorized to issue an unlimited number of redeemable, transferable units, each of which represents an equal, undivided interest in the net assets of that Fund.

All units of each Fund have equal rights and privileges. Each whole unit is entitled to one vote at all meetings of unitholders and is entitled to participate equally with respect to any and all distributions made by each Fund to unitholders, other than management fee distributions, but including distributions of net income, net realized capital gains, and distributions upon the termination of each Fund. Any special distributions payable in units of each Fund will increase the aggregate adjusted cost base of a unitholder's units. Immediately following payment of such a special distribution in units, the number of units of each Fund outstanding will be automatically consolidated such that the number of units that each unitholder will hold after such distribution will be equal to the number of units held by such unitholder immediately prior to such distribution, except in the case of a non-resident unitholder to the extent tax is required to be withheld in respect of the distribution. Units are issued only as fully paid and are non-assessable.

Units of an Evolve ETF may be bought and sold over a designated exchange. However, on any trading day, unitholders of ETF units may also exchange the prescribed number of units (or an integral multiple thereof) for baskets of securities and/or cash at a redemption price per unit equal to 95% of the closing price for the applicable units on the TSX (or the applicable exchange the units of the Fund being redeemed is trading on), subject to a maximum redemption price per unit equal to the NAV per unit on the effective day of redemption. The right to redeem units of the Funds may be suspended with the approval of the Canadian Securities Administrators.

Transactions in units for the Funds are disclosed in the Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements. Investors purchasing and redeeming creation units may be charged a purchase transaction fee and a redemption transaction fee to offset transfer and other transaction costs associated with the issuance and redemption of creation units.

Units issued and outstanding are considered to be capital of the Funds. The Funds are not subject to externally imposed capital requirements and have no legal restrictions on the issue, repurchase or resale of redeemable shares beyond those included in the Funds' prospectuses. The capital received by each Fund is managed to achieve the investment objective of each Fund while maintaining liquidity to satisfy unitholder redemptions.

The changes in issued and outstanding units of the Funds can be found in the statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units.

The following is a summary of the closing market prices and fair value of the net assets attributed to holders of redeemable units at closing market price as at period-end:

			Market Price as at June 30, 2023
Fund Name	Class	TSX Ticker Symbol	(\$)
Bitcoin ETF	Canadian Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	EBIT	11.17
Bitcoin ETF	US Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	EBIT.U	11.19
Ether ETF	Canadian Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	ETHR	6.73
Ether ETF	US Dollar Unhedged ETF Units	ETHR.U	8.39

6. INCOME TAXES

The Funds qualify or intend to qualify as mutual fund trusts, under the provisions of the Income Tax Act (Canada).

Capital losses and non-capital losses available in the Funds are presented in the Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements, as applicable. Capital losses may be carried forward indefinitely and used to reduce future realized capital gains. Non-capital losses may be used to reduce future net income and capital gains for up to 20 years.

When distributions by the Funds exceed the net investment income and taxable capital gains realized by the Funds, to the extent that the excess is not designated by the Funds to be income for Canadian tax purposes and taxable to holders of redeemable units, this excess distribution is a return of capital and is not immediately taxable to unitholders.

